Back to School

# Low Blood Sugar Readiness Checklist

Equip your child and their school to handle low blood sugar emergencies with confidence

#### PARTNER WITH YOUR CHILD'S HEALTHCARE PROVIDER

- Create or update your child's low blood sugar emergency plan.
- Discuss if Gvoke HypoPen<sup>®</sup> is right for your child.
- If it is, request a prescription for Gvoke HypoPen 2-Pack<sup>™</sup> and the copay card<sup>\*</sup>.

#### **GATHER ESSENTIAL ITEMS**

- Pack a supply of oral fast-acting carbohydrates, such as glucose tablets, juice, or fruit snacks.
- Fill your child's prescription for Gvoke HypoPen and coordinate with the school nurse or administration on its storage and accessibility.

#### **PREPARE YOUR CHILD**

- Educate your child about the signs and symptoms of low blood sugar.
- Stock them up with a supply of "low snacks."
- Familiarize them with the location of their emergency supplies and whom to approach for assistance.
- Train them on the proper use of Gvoke HypoPen.

#### **INFORM SCHOOL PERSONNEL**

- Educate teachers, school nurses, and other caregivers about low blood sugar signs and symptoms.
- Review the plan so that they know what actions to take if your child experiences a low blood sugar episode.
- Communicate the location of your child's Gvoke HypoPen device and provide instructions on when and how to use it.



Scan the QR code to discover more resources at <u>www.GvokeGlucagon.com</u>



\* Offer not valid for prescriptions reimbursed under Medicaid, a Medicare drug benefit plan, TRICARE, or other federal or state health programs (such as medical assistance programs).

Please see Important Safety Information on next page and <u>full Prescribing Information</u> for GVOKE<sup>®</sup>.

### **INDICATION**

GVOKE (glucagon) is a prescription medicine used to treat very low blood sugar in adults and children ages 2 years and above with diabetes.

## **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

- Do not use GVOKE if you:
  - Have a tumor in the gland on top of your kidneys, called a pheochromocytoma because of the risk of a substantial increase in blood pressure
  - o Have a tumor in your pancreas called an insulinoma because of the risk of low blood sugar
  - Are allergic to glucagon or any inactive ingredient in GVOKE. Stop using GVOKE and seek immediate medical attention if you experience any symptoms of a serious allergic reaction such as rash, difficulty breathing, or low blood pressure
- Before using GVOKE, tell your doctor about all the medicines you take and your medical conditions, including if you have not had food or water for a long time (prolonged fasting or starvation), have low blood sugar that does not go away (chronic hypoglycemia), or have a history of a skin rash called necrolytic migratory erythema (commonly associated with glucagon-producing tumors)
- The most common side effects reported in adults are nausea, vomiting, swelling at the injection site, and headache
- The most common side effects reported in children are nausea, low blood sugar, vomiting, headache, abdominal pain, high blood sugar, pain or redness at injection site, and hives
- Inform caregivers on the Instructions for Use of GVOKE, and symptoms of severe hypoglycemia, which include unconsciousness and seizures or convulsions
- Store in original container until time of use, and at room temperature between 68°F to 77°F (20°C to 25°C)
- You are encouraged to report side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit <u>www.fda.gov/medwatch</u> or call 1-800-FDA-1088

Please talk to your doctor and see full Prescribing Information and Patient Information Guide for GVOKE.

